

Improving the system

CEBE
Rachel Tuffin, Interim CEO
15/11/2017





About the Crime Reduction Toolkit

College Knowledge



forces having some kind of BWV capability.

BWV does not replace traditional means of evidence gathering, but acts as an additional form of



Evidence Act 1984. The new provisions apply to all arrests made from 3rd April 2017, When considering

Pre- charge ball itself is subject to time limits and various statutory and judicial safeguards.

Pursue relentless disruption and prosecution

Prevent people becoming involved in SOC

SERIOUS AND ORGANISED CRIMINALS: MENU OF TACTICS

Menu of tactics now published

Protect

reduce the vulnerability amongst our communities from the threat of SOC



Prepare ensuring the capabilities exist to tackle SOC



DISRUPTING Crime Reduction Toolkit

ABOUT US. DESEABLE CRIME DEDUCTION TOOLKIT. DESEABLE MAD. GET INVOLVED

Knowledge - creating and getting it used

If surveys show we rely on and prefer professional experience rather than research

BUT

The more we know about research the less they believe we alone have enough information about crime and what to do about it AND

The more we are exposed to research the more likely we are to be willing to do experiments

THEN

When research is part of our professional experience - we will be much more likely to use it!

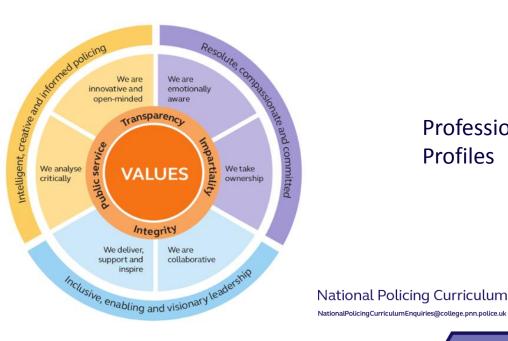


CPD Policing Education Child Care Health

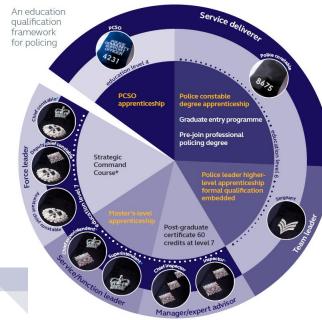
Better outcomes for the public

Police Knowledge Fund During my 22 year police service, problem solving has generally been based on operational experience and traditional practices, none of which is evaluated. ExPERT introduced me to Evidence-Based Policing, giving me tools to identify tried, tested and, therefore, more successful solutions. It has also given me the confidence to test my own assumptions, to develop new approaches...to provide a more effective service... The course has shown me academic principles aren't beyond me and has inspired me so much that I am soon to start a Masters in Criminology. Inspector Gareth Twigg, Devon and Cornwall police, ExPert PKF Collaboration

Education - Professional frameworks



Professional Profiles



SCC and SPNAC review **Chief Officer Appointments**

> License to Practice **Advanced Practitioner**







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BetterProfessionals forBetterPolicing

College Bursary Scheme case study



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Sergeant Lorna Dennison-Wilkins (Sussex Police)

Where and how did you find out about the College Bursary Scheme?

I had been trying to find sponsorship for my studies. A very inspirational colleague helped me apply to the College Bursary Scheme, which was due to start.

What prompted you to apply?

I had been conducting research for six years, unfunded and alone, and knew the next step was to go to university to progress what I had already achieved. When I saw the College Bursary Scheme had been launched, I knew that it would be amazing to have financial assistance to help me achieve my aims. I also fe that support from this scheme would be much more than financial—it would be an endorsement of the valu of my subject area and what I am doing. I feel so privileged to have been accepted onto the scheme and to have been given a bursary grant.

What and where are you studying?

I am doing a post-graduate research degree, studying the movement of bodies in inland waterways to help with missing persons search and investigations. I am studying at the Centre for Anatomy and Human Identification at the University of Dundee.

How has/will your study improve your work?

There are a number of aims for my study. I'm looking to collect and share data with the international search community regarding the movement of bodies in inland water.

I'm also aiming to improve learning to make us more effective in searching for and recovering bodies in wat and help minimise the risk to search teams.

I hope my work will help us to reduce the search time needed to gain an earlier resolution in missing persor cases and that we will be able to provide the data to different agencies to help prevent drowning incidents.

College Bursary Scheme case study



Acting Detective Sergeant Robert Ewin (Cumbria Constabulary)

Where and how did you find out about the College Bursary Scheme?

I found out about the scheme on the College of Policing website while looking for research material.

What prompted you to apply?

I'd been told about the possibility of a College of Policing bursary at a research surgery hosted at the College's Harrogate site.

What and where are you studying?

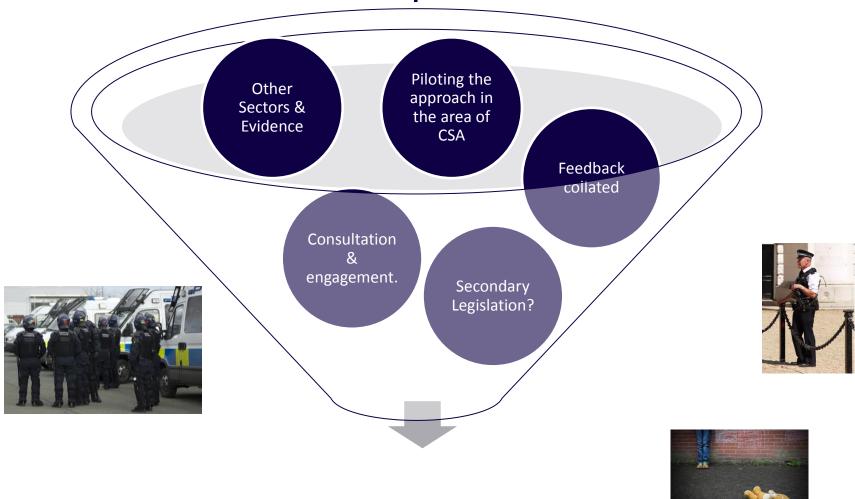
I am studying for a PhD in criminal justice and law with the University of Cumbria. I work full-time and am currently an acting detective sergeant. I also do some work as an associate lecturer at the university.

How has/will your study improve your work?

A PhD is unlike most other types of study. You have a certain amount of freedom to plan your time and investigate something you feel passionate about. In the time I have spent on this programme, I have worked in roles as uniformed police officer and detective and am now covering a detective sergeant position. There are so many transferable skills between a PhD and my work as a police officer. The main skill, however, is being able to broaden your knowledge through searching for literature, identifying gaps in knowledge through understanding front-line and research evidence. In this respect, it's like searching for evidence in a criminal investigation.



Standards - Licence to practise





Standards

Authorised professional practice users

Police practitioners	Specialist practitioners	Chief officers
PCCs	HMIC, IPCC etc	Other emergency services and partners
Legal profession	Public/media	Everyone





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AUTHORISED PROFESSIONAL PRACTICE

Police Initial Responses to Domestic Abuse

A systematic review

Carol Vigurs, Julia Wire, Andy Myhill, David Gough

Decision time? Every day or hardly ever? Higher or lower risk?

Home

Evidence-based guidelines

- Officer safety
- Initial accounts
- Neighbourhood policing







Provide policing with the skills and knowledge needed to protect the public, and secure public trust

- **Knowledge:** developing research and infrastructure for improving evidence of 'what works'. Over time, this will ensure practice and standards are based on knowledge, not custom and convention.
- **Education**: supporting the development of individual members. We set requirements to assure the public of the quality and consistency of policing skills, and facilitate academic accreditation and recognition.
- **Standards**: drawing on the best available evidence of 'what works' to set standards in policing for forces and individuals, for example, through Authorised Professional Practice (APP) and peer review.

We will raise professional standards by using the policing knowledge base, our legal powers, our influence and connection with members and our ability to set educational requirements, test new ideas and innovate.

We will have succeeded when all police practitioners and decision makers are confident professionals able to operate with high levels of autonomy and accountability. There will be evidence of the public's trust in the police. Those in policing will see themselves as members of a profession and adhere to the disciplines of professional practice.